

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method for reducing signal distortion in a receiver, comprising:

deriving a sequence of chips from a received signal;

canceling postcursor-ISI from the chip sequence to produce a chip metric;

~~determining~~ determine a current CCK codeword based on said chip metric;

computing a chip-time reversed estimate of the current CCK codeword; and

canceling precursor-ISI from a previous CCK codeword based on the chip-

time reversed estimate of the current CCK codeword.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein deriving the chip sequence includes:

convolving the received signal with coefficients of a channel matched filter.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

generating terms for canceling the postcursor ISI from a chip sequence

detected in a preceding symbol.

4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein canceling postcursor-  
ISI includes:

generating postcursor-ISI cancellation terms from a previously detected CCK  
chip sequence used to form a previous CCK codeword; and

subtracting the postcursor-ISI cancellation terms from the chip sequence to  
produce ~~said~~ a chip metric; and

determining said current CCK codeword using said chip metric.

5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein canceling postcursor-  
ISI includes:

setting DFE coefficients based on a previously detected CCK chip sequence;

generating postcursor-ISI terms by shifting the DFE coefficients a  
predetermined number of times per chip clock;

subtracting the postcursor-ISI terms from the chip sequence to produce ~~said a~~  
chip metric.

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein the current CCK  
codeword is generated by inputting said chip metric into a CCK correlator.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein canceling the precursor-ISI includes:
- computing conjugates of chip values of a future symbol;
  - setting DFE coefficients based on the conjugates;
  - generating precursor-ISI terms by shifting the DFE coefficients a predetermined number of times per chip clock; and
  - subtracting the precursor-ISI terms from chip metrics corresponding to the previous CCK codeword.
8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the received signal is one generated in a DSSS/CCK wireless communications system.
9. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- equalizing signal energy in a codeword correlator bank used to generate the current and previous CCK codewords.
10. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- (a) obtaining chips of the previous CCK codeword generated after cancellation of the precursor-ISI; and

(b) performing postcursor-ISI and precursor-ISI based on the previous CCK codeword chips obtained in (a).

11. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising:  
repeating steps (a) and (b) a predetermined number of times.
12. (Original) A system for reducing signal distortion in a receiver, comprising:  
channel matched filter which generates a sequence of chips from a received signal;  
a decision feedback equalizer (DFE) which cancels postcursor-ISI from the chip sequence to produce a chip metric; and  
a CCK correlation-decision block which generates a current CCK codeword based on said chip metric, wherein the DFE cancels precursor-ISI from a previous CCK codeword based on a chip-time reversed estimate of the current CCK codeword.
13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the DFE cancels postcursor-ISI by generating postcursor-ISI correction terms from a previously detected CCK chip sequence used to form the previous CCK codeword and subtracting the postcursor-ISI correction terms from the chip sequence to produce said chip metric.

14. (Original) The system of claim 12, wherein the DFE cancels postcursor-ISI by setting DFE coefficients based on a previously detected CCK chip sequence, generating postcursor-ISI terms by shifting the DFE coefficients a predetermined number of times per chip clock, and subtracting the postcursor-ISI terms from the chip sequence to produce said chip metric to produce said chip.

15. (Original) The system of claim 12, wherein the DFE cancels the precursor-ISI by computing conjugates of chip values of a future symbol, setting DFE coefficients based on the conjugates, generating precursor-ISI terms by shifting the DFE coefficients a predetermined number of times per chip clock, and subtracting the precursor-ISI terms from chip metrics corresponding to the previous CCK codeword.

16. (Original) The system of claim 12, wherein the receiver is a DSSS/CCK wireless communications receiver.

17. (Original) The system of claim 12, further comprising:  
an energy bias canceler which equalizes signal energy in the codeword correlator bank.

18. (Currently Amended) A bidirectional turbo ISI canceler (BTIC), comprising:  
a single-symbol detector which generates a sequence of chips from a received signal;  
a postcursor-ISI canceler ~~which cancels~~to cancel postcursor-ISI from the chip sequence to ~~produce a chip metric~~output a representation of said postcursor-ISI; and  
a precursor-ISI canceler ~~which cancels~~to cancel precursor-ISI based on ~~a chip-time reversed estimate of a current CCK codeword generated from said chip metrics~~said representation of said postcursor-ISI.

19. (Currently Amended) The bidirectional turbo ISI canceler of claim 18, wherein the single-symbol detector includes a RAKE receiver, wherein said pre-cursor-ISI canceler cancels said precursor-ISI based on a chip-time reversed estimate of a current CCK codeword generated from said representation of said postcursor-ISI.

20. (Currently Amended) The bidirectional turbo ISI canceler of claim 18, wherein the single-symbol detector includes:  
a channel matched filter which generates the chip sequence from the received signal; and

a codeword correlator bank which generates the current CCK codeword from said ~~chip metric~~ representation of said postcursor-ISI.

21. (Original) The bidirectional turbo ISI canceler of claim 20, wherein the single-symbol detector further includes an energy bias canceler to equalize signal energy in the codeword correlator bank.

22. (Original) A method for reducing distortion in a receiver, comprising:  
computing a set of DFE coefficients;  
canceling postcursor-ISI caused by a preceding symbol using the set of DFE coefficients; and  
canceling precursor-ISI caused by a trailing symbol using the same set of DFE coefficients.

23. (Original) A receiver, comprising:  
a first canceler which cancels postcursor-ISI caused by a preceding symbol;  
a second canceler which cancels precursor-ISI caused by a trailing symbol, wherein the first and second cancellers use a same set of DFE coefficients to cancel the postcursor-ISI and precursor-ISI.

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24. (Original) The receiver of claim 23, wherein the first and second cancellers are included in a same DFE.